

Clinical Policy: Voxelotor (Oxbryta)

Reference Number: CP.PHAR.451

Effective Date: 03.01.20 Last Review Date: 02.24

Line of Business: Commercial, HIM, Medicaid

Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Voxelotor (Oxbryta[™]) is a hemoglobin S (HbS) polymerization inhibitor.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Oxbryta is indicated for the treatment of sickle cell disease (SCD) in adults and pediatric patients 4 years of age and older.

This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on the increase in hemoglobin (Hb). Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in confirmatory trial(s).

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that Oxbryta is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

- A. Sickle Cell Disease (must meet all):
 - 1. Diagnosis of SCD with one of the following genotypes (a, b, c, or d):
 - a. Homozygous hemoglobin S;
 - b. Hemoglobin Sβ⁰-thalassemia;
 - c. Hemoglobin Sβ⁺-thalassemia;
 - d. Hemoglobin SC;
 - 2. Age \geq 4 years;
 - 3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist;
 - 4. Hb level ≥ 5.5 and ≤ 10.5 g/dL;
 - 5. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Member has experienced at least 1 vaso-occlusive crisis (VOC) within the past 6 months while on hydroxyurea at up to maximally indicated doses (*see Appendix D*);
 - b. Member has intolerance* or contraindication to hydroxyurea and has experienced at least 1 VOC within the past 12 months (*see Appendix D*);
 - *Myelosuppression and hydroxyurea treatment failure: Myelosuppression is dose-dependent and reversible and does not qualify for treatment failure. NIH guidelines recommend a 6 month trial on the maximum tolerated dose prior to considering discontinuation due to treatment failure, whether due to lack of adherence or failure to respond to therapy. A lack of increase in mean



corpuscular volume (MCV) and/or fetal hemoglobin (HbF) levels is not indication to discontinue therapy.

- 6. If request is for tablets for oral suspension, documentation supports inability to swallow tablets;
- 7. For age ≥ 5 years: Failure of L-glutamine at up to maximally tolerated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 8. Failure of blood transfusion(s), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced (e.g., cutaneous ulcers, iron overload);
- 9. Oxbryta is prescribed concurrently with hydroxyurea, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 10. Oxbryta is not prescribed concurrently with Adakveo;
- 11. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. Member is concurrently taking a strong CYPA3A4 inducer (*see Appendix D*): 2,500 mg (5 tablets) per day;
 - b. Member is concurrently taking a moderate CYPA3A4 inducer (*see Appendix D*): 2,000 mg (4 tablets) per day;
 - c. For all other members: 1,500 mg (3 tablets) per day;

Approval duration: 2 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business:
 CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

A. Sickle Cell Disease (must meet all):

- 1. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
 - b. Member is currently receiving medication and is enrolled in a state and product with continuity of care regulations (refer to state specific addendums for CC.PHARM.03A and CC.PHARM.03B);
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by an increase in Hb level from baseline of at least 1 g/dL;



- 3. Oxbryta is prescribed concurrently with hydroxyurea, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 4. Oxbryta is not prescribed concurrently with Adakveo;
- 5. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed one of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. Member is concurrently taking a strong CYPA3A4 inducer (*see Appendix D*): 2,500 mg (5 tablets) per day;
 - b. Member is concurrently taking a moderate CYPA3A4 inducer (*see Appendix D*): 2,000 mg (4 tablets) per day;
 - c. For all other members: 1,500 mg (3 tablets) per day.

Approval duration: 6 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business:
 CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

FDA: Food and Drug Administration SCD: sickle cell disease WOC: vaso-occlusive crisis

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
hydroxyurea	$\underline{Age \ge 18 \ years}$	35 mg/kg/day
(Droxia®)	Initial: 15 mg/kg/day PO single dose; based on	
	blood counts, may increase by 5 mg/kg/day every	
	12 weeks to a max 35 mg/kg/day	
hydroxyurea	$Age \ge 2 \ years$	35 mg/kg/day
(Siklos®)	Initial: 20 mg/kg/day PO QD; based on blood	
	counts, may increase by 5 mg/kg/day every 8	
	weeks or if a painful crisis occurs	
L-glutamine	Weight $> 65 \text{ kg}$: 15 g (3 packets) PO BID	30 g/day
(Endari®)	Weight 30 to 65 kg: 10 g (2 packets) PO BID	(maximum dose
,	Weight < 30 kg: 5 g (1 packet) PO BID	based on weight)

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): prior drug hypersensitivity to Oxbryta or excipients
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

Appendix D: General Information

- A VOC is defined as a previously documented episode of acute painful crisis or acute chest syndrome (ACS) for which there was no explanation other than VOC that required prescription or healthcare professional-instructed use of analgesics for moderate to severe pain.
- Myelosuppression and hydroxyurea treatment failure: Myelosuppression is dosedependent and reversible and does not qualify for treatment failure. NIH guidelines recommend a 6 month trial on the maximum tolerated dose prior to considering discontinuation due to treatment failure, whether due to lack of adherence or failure to respond to therapy. A lack of increase in mean corpuscular volume (MCV) and/or fetal hemoglobin (HbF) levels is not indication to discontinue therapy.
- <u>Hydroxyurea dose titration</u>: Members should obtain complete blood counts (CBC) with white blood cell (WBC) differential and reticulocyte counts at least every 4 weeks for titration. The following lab values indicate that it is safe to increase dose.
 - O Absolute neutrophil count (ANC) in adults $\geq 2,000/\text{uL}$, or ANC $\geq 1,250/\text{uL}$ in younger patients with lower baseline counts
 - Platelet counts $\geq 80,000/\text{uL}$

If neutropenia or thrombocytopenia occurs: hydroxyurea dosing is held, CBC and WBC differential are monitored weekly, members can restart hydroxyurea when values have recovered.

- Examples of moderate CYP3A4 inducers: bosentan, dabrafenib, efavirenz, mitapivat, modafinil, rifabutin, rifapentine
- Examples of strong CYP3A4 inducers: apalutamide, carbamazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin, rifampin
- Rationale for the failure of L-glutamine and blood transfusions prior to Oxbryta use: Oxbryta's lack of achieving clinically meaningful endpoints is the rationale for the



redirection to agents that do demonstrate clinically meaningful endpoints. While Oxbryta has demonstrated a statistically significant increase of 1.1 g/dL Hb and reduction in hemolysis markers, it's not clear that improved levels of hemoglobin lead to any clinically significant endpoints. There is uncertainty of whether there is a threshold of reduced hemolysis required to achieve clinical benefit. Additionally, the pivotal trial demonstrated that although hemoglobin levels increased with treatment, the rate of pain crises did not decrease. Currently there is no compelling data to support that an increase of 1.1 g/dL hemoglobin level results in a reduction in VOCs or other clinically meaningful outcomes related to SCD.

- o L-glutamine has demonstrated statistically significant reduced acute pain episodes, delay in time to first crisis was delayed, and reduced hospitalizations.
- Blood transfusions lower the percentage of sickle Hb and increase Hgb oxygen saturation, both of which decrease the propensity for vaso-occlusion and decrease the incidence of SCD-related complications.
- STAND trial results for Adakveo: In a press release Novartis announced that the STAND study did not demonstrate a statistically significant difference between Adakveo 5mg/kg or Adakveo 7.5mg/kg and placebo in annualized rates of VOCs leading to a healthcare visit over the first-year post randomization. These findings are inconsistent with previous trial results from SUSTAIN, which demonstrated the superiority of crizanlizumab 5.0mg/kg compared to placebo.

V. Dosage and Administration

	No sage and Administration				
Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose			
SCD	Age ≥ 12 years 1,500 mg PO QD with or without food. Strong CYP3A4 inducer: 2500 mg PO QD Moderate CYP3A4 inducer: 2000 mg PO QD	See regimen			
	 Age 4 to < 12 years Weight ≥ 40 kg: 1500 mg PO QD Strong CYP3A4 inducer: 2500 mg PO QD Moderate CYP3A4 inducer: 2000 mg PO QD Weight 20 kg to < 40 kg: 900 mg PO QD Strong CYP3A4 inducer: 1500 mg PO QD Moderate CYP3A4 inducer: 1200 mg PO QD Weight 10 kg to < 20 kg: 600 mg PO QD Strong or moderate CYP3A4 inducer: 900 mg PO QD 				

VI. Product Availability

• Tablets: 300 mg, 500 mg

• Tablet for oral suspension: 300 mg



VII. References

- 1. Oxbryta Prescribing Information. South San Francisco, CA: Global Blood Therapeutics, Inc.; August 2023. Available at: https://www.oxbryta.com/. Accessed October 2, 2023.
- 2. Yawn BP, Buchanan GR, Afenyi-Annan AN, et al. Management of sickle cell disease: summary of the 2014 evidence-based report by expert panel members. *JAMA*. 2014 Sep 10;312(10):1033-48.
- 3. Vichinsky E, Hoppe CC, Ataga KI, et al. A phase 3 randomized trial of voxelotor in sickle cell disease. *N Engl J Med*. 2019 Aug 8;381(6):509-519.
- 4. Micromedex® Healthcare Series [Internet database]. Greenwood Village, CO: Thomson Healthcare. Updated periodically. Accessed October 31, 2022.
- 5. Brandow A, Carroll C, Creary S, et al. American Society of Hematology 2020 guidelines for sickle cell disease: management of acute and chronic pain. *Blood Advances*. 2020;4(12):2656-2701.
- 6. Migotsky M, Beestrum M, Badawy SM. Recent advances in sickle-cell disease therapies: A review of voxelotor, crizanlizumab, and L-glutamine. Pharmacy (Basel). 2022;10(5):123.
- 7. Dick MH, Abdelgadir A, Kulkarni VV, et al. Comparing the safety and efficacy of L-glutamine, voxelotor, and crizanlizumab for reducing the frequency of vaso-occlusive crisis in sickle cell disease: A systematic review. Cureus. 2022;14(5):e24920.
- 8. Novartis. European Commission (EC) adopts decision endorsing CHMP recommendation to revoke the conditional marketing authorization for Adakveo® (crizanlizumab) [Press release]. Available at: https://www.novartis.com/news/european-commission-ec-adopts-decision-endorsing-chmp-recommendation-revoke-conditional-marketing-authorization-adakveo-crizanlizumab. Accessed August 15, 2023.

ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes that Support Coverage Criteria

The following is a list of diagnosis codes that support coverage for the applicable covered

procedure code(s).

ICD-10-CM Code	Description
D57.0*	Hb-SS disease with crisis
D57.1	Sickle-cell disease without crisis
D57.2*	Sickle-cell/Hb-C disease
D57.4*	Sickle-cell thalassemia

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals		P&T
		Approval Date
Policy created.	12.10.19	02.20
Added redirections to blood transfusions and a 6 month trial of	03.04.20	05.20
Adakveo; finalized HIM line of business; reduced initial approval		
duration to 2 months from 6 months, and continued therapy approval		
duration to 6 months from 12 months.		
Added requirement for L-glutamine trial per April SDC and prior	04.22.20	
clinical guidance.		
1Q 2021 annual review: no significant changes; references to	10.26.20	02.21
HIM.PHAR.21 revised to HIM.PA.154; references reviewed and		
updated.		



Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
1Q 2022 annual review: references reviewed and updated; RT4:	01.10.22	02.22
updated to reflect pediatric age extension (4-11 years), new dose		
formulation of tablet for oral suspension, and added criterion for		
documentation of inability to swallow tablet.		
Template changes applied to other diagnoses/indications.		
1Q 2023 annual review: updated maximum dosing requirements to	10.31.22	02.23
allow dose adjustments for CYPA3A4 inducers; references reviewed		
and updated.		
Removed Adakveo redirection due to STAND trial results announced	08.25.23	11.23
by Novartis with rationale added to Appendix D; rationale for sickle		
cell disease therapy redirections added to Appendix D with		
references.		
1Q 2024 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed	10.31.23	02.24
and updated.		

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.



This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

This clinical policy is the property of the Health Plan. Unauthorized copying, use, and distribution of this clinical policy or any information contained herein are strictly prohibited. Providers, members and their representatives are bound to the terms and conditions expressed herein through the terms of their contracts. Where no such contract exists, providers, members and their representatives agree to be bound by such terms and conditions by providing services to members and/or submitting claims for payment for such services.

Note:

For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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